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# In-beam spectroscopy of medium- and high-spin states in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ 

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## I. INTRODUCTION

The ${ }^{133}$ Ce nucleus has been the focus of extensive experimentation and theoretical investigations for a long time and a number of important collective phenomena have been uncovered. Most recently, this nucleus was studied using the ${ }^{116} \mathrm{Cd}\left({ }^{22} \mathrm{Ne}, 5 n\right)$ reaction and the Gammasphere array [1], leading to the identification of three new dipole bands, which represent the first experimental evidence for the multiple chiral doublet bands $(M \chi D)$ phenomenon. Prior works on ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ reported results mainly on the medium-spin states in this nucleus. In the earliest experiment, seven bands were identified and the level scheme extended up to spin $49 / 2$ [2]. The observed rotational bands were discussed in the framework of the cranking model and configurations based on oneand three-quasiparticle excitations were assigned. One sequence with quadrupole transitions only was observed, but not linked to low-lying states. Its three-quasiparticle configuration was suggested to involve either the $\nu i_{13 / 2}$ or the $\nu f_{7 / 2}$ orbital. Subsequently, the lifetimes of the states

[^0]of the $\nu h_{11 / 2}$ yrast band and one of the three quasiparticle bands were measured and the results confirmed the previously proposed configuration assignments [3].

The first study of the high-spin level structure of ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ was performed using the Gammasphere array, and revealed the existence of three superdeformed bands [4]. The interpretation in the cranking approximation suggested superdeformed configurations involving one $\nu i_{13 / 2}$ or $\nu f_{7 / 2}$ neutron coupled to the ${ }^{132} \mathrm{Ce}$ superdeformed core. In addition, six new rotational structures were identified at high spins, with characteristics of triaxial configurations [5]. However, none of these bands were linked to low-lying states. The measured lifetimes of one of these bands permitted the extraction of a transitional quadrupole moment of 2.2 eb , thus confirming the triaxial interpretation [6].

The present paper reports on new experimental results that relate to both high- and low-spin structures in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. First, the high-spin triaxial bands reported in Ref. [5] are now firmly connected to low-lying states through the identification of several linking transitions, thereby establishing their excitation energy, spin and parity. However, many transitions of the previously reported triaxial sequences are now placed differently. The level scheme is also extended to a higher excitation energy and spin of 22.8 MeV and $93 / 2 \hbar$, respectively. Secondly, two dipole bands and four rotational sequences of $\Delta I=2$ transitions are newly identified, and the angular-distribution coefficients and anisotropies of several transitions have been determined. The observed collective structures are extensively discussed in the framework of the Cranked NilssonStrutinsky (CNS) model, as described in Refs. [7-10] and, one band of dipole character is interpreted using the tilted axis cranking covariant density functional the-
ory (TAC-CDFT) [11, 12]. A consistent interpretation of most of the observed bands is achieved. The observed level structure of ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ illustrates the ability of nuclei in the $A=130$ mass region to acquire different shapes and to rotate around either the principal or tilted axes of the intrinsic frame, as is the case in the neighboring ${ }^{138-141} \mathrm{Nd}$ nuclei for which new results were recently reported [13-17].

## II. EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

The present work documents new and extended results at medium and high spins and continues the study of the ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ nucleus, a salient feature of which, the observation of multiple chiral bands, was published previously [1]. Both studies are based on the same measurement and hence, the experimental procedure and the analysis methods are similar, but with more information provided here.

The experiment was performed at the ATLAS facility at Argonne National Laboratory. Medium- and highspin states in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ were populated in two separate experiments following the ${ }^{116} \mathrm{Cd}\left({ }^{22} \mathrm{Ne}, 5 n\right)$ reaction. In the first, a $112-\mathrm{MeV}$ beam of ${ }^{22} \mathrm{Ne}$ bombarded a 1.48 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$-thick target foil of isotopically enriched ${ }^{116} \mathrm{Cd}$, sandwiched between a $50 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ thick front layer of Al and a $150 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{2} \mathrm{Au}$ backing. The second experiment used the same beam and a target of the same enrichment and thickness evaporated onto a $55 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ thick Au foil. A combined total of $4.1 \times 10^{9}$ four- and higher-fold prompt $\gamma$-ray coincidence events were accumulated using the Gammasphere array [18], which comprised 101 (88) active Compton-suppressed HPGe detectors during the first (second) experiment. The accumulated events were unfolded and sorted into fully symmetrized, three-dimensional ( $E_{\gamma}-E_{\gamma}-E_{\gamma}$ ) and fourdimensional ( $E_{\gamma}-E_{\gamma}-E_{\gamma}-E_{\gamma}$ ) histograms and analyzed using the RADWARE $[19,20]$ analysis package.

Multipolarity assignments were made on the basis of extensive angular-distribution measurements [21] and, for weak transitions, on a two-point angular-correlation ratio, $R_{a c}[22,23]$. The angular-distribution analysis was performed using coincidence matrices sorted such that energies of $\gamma$ rays detected at specific Gammasphere angles (measured with respect to the beam direction) $E_{\gamma}(\theta)$, were incremented on one axis, while the energies of coincident transitions detected at any angle, $E_{\gamma}(a n y)$, were placed on the other. To improve statistics, adjacent rings of Gammasphere and those corresponding to angles symmetric with respect to $90^{\circ}$ in the forward and backward hemispheres were combined. A total of seven matrices (with the angles $17.3^{\circ}, 34.6^{\circ}$, $50.1^{\circ}, 58.3^{\circ}, 69.8^{\circ}, 80.0^{\circ}$, and $90.0^{\circ}$ ) were created. After gating on the $E_{\gamma}($ any $)$ axis, background-subtracted and efficiency-corrected spectra were generated. From these, the intensities of transitions of interest were extracted and fitted to the usual angular distribution function $W(\theta)=a_{o}\left[1+a_{2} P_{2}(\cos \theta)+a_{4} P_{4}(\cos \theta)\right]$, where $P_{2}$
and $P_{4}$ are Legendre polynomials. The extracted coefficients, $a_{2}$ and $a_{4}$, contain information on the transition multipolarity.

The two-point angular correlation ratio, $R_{a c}$ was deduced from a normalized ratio of $\gamma$-ray intensities observed in detectors in the forward or backward angles to the intensities in those centered around $90^{\circ}$. For this purpose, two coincident matrices were incremented: In the first, $E_{\gamma}(f / b)$-vs- $E_{\gamma}(a n y)$, detectors in the forward and backward angles were combined and the matrix incremented such that $\gamma$ rays detected at the $31.7^{\circ}$, $37.4^{\circ}, 142.6^{\circ}, 148.3^{\circ}$, and $162.7^{\circ}$ angles were placed on one axis, with transitions observed at any angle grouped along the other. The second matrix, $E_{\gamma}\left(\sim 90^{\circ}\right)$-vs$E_{\gamma}($ any $)$, was incremented in a similar fashion, but with transitions observed in detectors at $79.2^{\circ}, 80.7^{\circ}, 90.0^{\circ}$, $99.3^{\circ}$, and $100.8^{\circ}$ degrees placed on one axis. The twodimensional angular correlation ratio, defined by $R_{a c}=$ $I_{\gamma}\left(\theta_{f / b}, a n y\right) / I_{\gamma}\left(\theta_{\sim 90^{\circ}}, a n y\right)$, where $I_{\gamma}\left(\theta_{x}, a n y\right)$ is the $\gamma$ ray intensity obtained by placing gates on the corresponding $E_{\gamma}(a n y)$ axis. The $R_{a c}$ ratio, which is independent of the multipolarity of the gating transition and calibrated with transitions of known multipolarity, was established to be greater than 1.0 for stretched-quadrupole and less than 0.8 for stretched-dipole transitions.

## III. RESULTS AND LEVEL SCHEME

The level scheme for ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$, deduced in the present work, builds substantially upon the structure reported previously in Refs. [24-26]. A portion of the full level scheme, showing the two new dipole bands ( $D 8$ and $D 9$ ) and three of the four new quadrupole sequences $(Q 1, Q 2$ and $Q 3$ ), is presented in Fig. 1. Figure 2 displays the previously-known, high-spin bands ( $Q 4-Q 10$ ), the newly observed quadrupole sequence $Q 11$ and the low-lying states populated by these structures. Transition and level energies, angular-distribution coefficients and anisotropies, as well as the proposed spin and parity of the levels linked by the $\gamma$ rays of interest are summarized in Table I. Since most of the low-spin scheme is already well known and discussed extensively, in the following, the focus is on the newly observed bands and their decay to the low-spin levels. It should also be noted that, while the intensities of all transitions are not reported, those of the $Q$ bands were estimated relative to the yrast band ( $D 2$ ) and are indicated in parentheses beside the band labels in Fig. 2. The uncertainty in the transition energies is $\sim 0.2 \mathrm{keV}$ for transitions below 1000 keV and intensities larger than $5 \%$ of the ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ reaction channel, $\sim 0.5 \mathrm{keV}$ for those above 1000 keV with intensities lower than $5 \%$, and $\sim 1 \mathrm{keV}$ for those above 1200 keV and/or weaker than $1 \%$. Tentative spins and parities assigned to the weakly populated states are based on their theoretical interpretation.







FIG. 2: Part 2 of the level scheme of ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. The widths of the arrows are proportional to the relative intensities of the $\gamma$ rays. The intensities of the $Q$ bands are given as a percentage relative to that of the yrast band $D 2$.

TABLE I: $\gamma$-ray energies, energies of initial level, angular-distribution coefficients, anisotropies, multipolarities and spin-parity assignments of $\gamma$-ray transitions in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. Transitions marked with asterisk signs are unresolved doublets in the multipolarity measurement.

| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Band D1 | 134.3 | 134.3 | $3 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 1 / 2^{+}$ | -0.32(2) | 0.04(1) | 0.87(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 183.6 | 317.9 | $5 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 3 / 2^{+}$ | -0.15(3) | 0.10(3) | 0.73 (12) | M1/E2 |
|  | 244.6 | 1445.7 | $13 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 11 / 2^{+}$ | -0.22(2) | 0.07(3) | 0.77 (4)* | M1/E2 |
|  | 244.9 | 815.4 | $9 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 7 / 2^{+}$ | -0.22(2) | 0.07(3) | 0.77(4)* |  |
|  | 252.6 | 570.5 | $7 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 5 / 2^{+}$ | -0.41(3) | 0.12(5) | 0.81(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 317.9 | 317.9 | $5 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 1 / 2^{+}$ | 0.42(2) | 0.22(3) | 1.32(2) | E2 |
|  | 385.7 | 1201.1 | $11 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 436.2 | 570.5 | $7 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 3 / 2^{+}$ | 0.35(2) | 0.12(2) |  | $E 2$ |
|  | 497.5 | 815.4 | $9 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 5 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 630.3 | 1445.7 | $13 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | $E 2$ |
|  | 630.6 | 1201.1 | $11 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 7 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 711.5 | 2170.9 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 725.4 | 2170.9 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{+}$ | 0.32(6) | -0.16(7) | 1.31(11) | E2 |
|  | 731.3 | 1932.3 | $15 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 11 / 2^{+}$ | 0.77(6) | -0.26(5) | 1.25(2) | E2 |
|  | 767.7 | 1445.7 | $13 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{+}$ | 0.44(9) | 0.03(12) | 1.30 (11) | E2 |
| Band D2 | 170.2 | 207.4 | $11 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{-}$ | -0.24(2) | 0.04(2) | 0.82(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 234.9 | 827.1 | $15 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{-}$ | -0.44(1) | 0.13(1) | 0.90(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 246.2 | 1590.0 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ | -0.32(3) | 0.06(3) | 0.88(3) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 286.2 | 2486.1 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 302.9 | 3432.6 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow\left(25 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 384.8 | 592.2 | $13 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 11 / 2^{-}$ | -0.35(2) | 0.08(3) | 0.82(5) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 516.7 | 1343.8 | $17 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ | -0.41(4) | 0.11(2) | 0.76(3) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 555.0 | 592.2 | $13 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{-}$ | 0.54(2) | -0.21(4) | 1.33(4) | E2 |
|  | 609.4 | 2199.9 | $21 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 619.7 | 827.1 | $15 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 11 / 2^{-}$ | 0.45(2) | -0.11(3) | 1.23(2) | $E 2$ |
|  | 643.6 | 3129.7 | $\left(25 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 751.6 | 1343.8 | $17 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{-}$ | 0.39(2) | -0.23(2) | 1.34(2) | $E 2$ |
|  | 762.9 | 1590.0 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ | 0.44(2) | -0.14(2) | 1.22(3) | $E 2$ |
|  | 856.1 | 2199.9 | $21 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ | 0.38(2) | 0.01(2) | 1.34(2) | E2 |
|  | 896.1 | 2486.1 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ | 0.41(4) | -0.31(1) | 1.21(4) | E2 |
|  | 929.8 | 3129.7 | $\left(25 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 946.5 | 3432.6 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ | 0.28(3) | -0.13(4) | 1.42(5) | $E 2$ |
|  | 970.6 | 4403.2 | $\left(31 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 994.8 | 5398.0 | $\left(35 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(31 / 2^{-}\right)$ | 0.34(3) | 0.02(4) | 1.29(9) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1001.3 | 4131.0 | $\left(29 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(25 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1110.1 | 5513.6 | $\left(35 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(31 / 2^{-}\right)$ | 0.46(6) | 0.17(8) | 1.28(10) | $E 2$ |
| Band D3 | 126.6 | 2297.5 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 159.7 | 2457.2 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ | -0.26(2) | 0.06(3) | 0.79(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 164.3 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 189.7 | 2646.9 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ | -0.32(2) | 0.11(2) |  | M1/E2 |
|  | 199.0 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{+}$ | -0.27(1) | 0.11(2) | 0.89(6) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 200.9 | 2297.5 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{+}$ | -0.27(1) | 0.11(2) | 0.89(6) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 234.9 | 2881.8 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 294.7 | 3176.5 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 349.4 | 2646.9 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 357.4 | 3533.9 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 360.6 | 2457.2 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 365.2 | 2297.5 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 383.5 | 3917.4 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ | -0.62(3) | 0.08(3) | 0.87(5) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 399.9 | 2297.5 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | $E 2$ |
|  | 424.6 | 2881.8 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | E2 |
|  | 451.9 | 1897.6 | $15 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 455.8 | 4830.7 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{+}$ | -0.33(4) | 0.08(2) | 0.78(2)* | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 457.5 | 4374.9 | $33 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ | -0.33(4) | 0.08(2) | 0.78 (2)* | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 506.6 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.78(3) | $E 1$ |
|  | 510.4 | 5876.6 | $39 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.98(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |


| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 529.6 | 3176.5 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.34(2) | E2 |
|  | 535.5 | 5366.2 | $\left(37 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow 35 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.82(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 558.0 | 7024.0 | $\left(43 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(41 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  | 0.88(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 595.2 | 7619.2 | $\left(45 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(43 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  | 0.78(7) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | (620.6) | (8239.8) | $\left(47 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(45 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 637.3 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 650.9 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 652.1 | 3533.9 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ | 0.43(2) | -0.21(3) | 1.43(4) | E2 |
|  | 696.5 | 1897.6 | $15 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 11 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 740.9 | 3917.4 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | E2 |
|  | 841.0 | 4374.9 | $33 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ | 0.41(3) | -0.21(4) | 1.32(1) | E2 |
|  | 896.0 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 913.8 | 4830.7 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | E2 |
|  | 953.7 | 2297.5 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ | -0.14(1) | 0.05(2) | 0.89(2) | E1 |
|  | 991.3 | 5366.2 | $\left(37 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow 33 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.32(1) | E2 |
|  | 1045.9 | 5876.6 | $\left(39 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow 35 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.34(2) | E2 |
|  | 1099.8 | 6466.0 | $\left(41 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(37 / 2^{+}\right)$ | 0.43(2) | -0.21(3) | 1.14(2) | E2 |
|  | 1147.4 | 7024.0 | $\left(43 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(39 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  | 1.42(1) | E2 |
|  | 1153.2 | 7619.2 | $\left(45 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(41 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  | 1.33(4) | E2 |
|  | 1215.8 | 8239.8 | $\left(47 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(43 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  | E2 |
|  | 1269.5 | 2096.6 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ | -0.12(3) | 0.05(6) | 0.78(4) | E1 |
|  | 1305.4 | 1897.6 | $15 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{-}$ | -0.22(4) | 0.10(2) | 0.89(2) | E1 |
| Band D4 | 118.0 | 2621.6 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  | M1/E2 |
|  | 129.7 | 2416.1 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.95(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 205.5 | 2621.6 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ | -0.26(2) | 0.14(3) | 0.75(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 223.8 | 2845.4 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ | -0.43(2) | 0.13(3) | 0.64(8) | M1/E2 |
|  | 283.6 | 3129.0 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.76(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 305.6 | 3434.6 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.57(8) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 319.5 | 2416.1 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 324.1 | 2621.6 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 346.4 | 3781.0 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.76(3) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 388.2 | 2845.4 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 429.3 | 2845.4 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.32(3) | E2 |
|  | 431.7 | 4212.7 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.76(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 446.0 | 4658 | $33 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.93(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 482.1 | 3129.0 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.76(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 507.4 | 3129.0 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.14(2) | E2 |
|  | 518.5 | 2416.1 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.32(2) | E2 |
|  | 525.0 | 2621.6 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.22(4) | E2 |
|  | 547.9 | 2845.4 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 552.8 | 3434.6 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 589.2 | 3434.6 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 604.5 | 3781.0 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 652.0 | 3781.0 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ | 0.34(2) | -0.23(4) | 1.32(4) | $E 2$ |
|  | 671.8 | 3129.0 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.34(3) | E2 |
|  | 778.1 | 4212.7 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 787.7 | 3434.6 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 826.1 | 2416.1 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 877.8 | 4658 | $33 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.43(4) | $E 2$ |
|  | 899.2 | 3781.0 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1031.6 | 2621.6 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  | E1 |
|  | 1072.3 | 2416.1 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  | E1 |
|  | 1459.3 | 2286.4 | $17 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band D5 | 215.5 | 2959.5 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.72(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 240.8 | 2744.0 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ | -0.39(1) | 0.13(1) | 0.64(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 276.7 | 3236.2 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ | -0.34(9) | 0.06(4) | 0.72(5) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 286.8 | 2744.0 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 312.6 | 2959.5 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 327.9 | 2744.0 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ | -0.81(3) | 0.03(6) | 0.81(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 335.4 | 3571.6 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ | -0.59(2) | 0.12(5) | 0.70(5) | M1/E2 |


| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 337.9 | 2959.5 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ | -0.72(5) | 0.17(7) | 0.75(7) | M1/E2 |
|  | 354.4 | 3236.2 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 390.8 | 3236.2 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ | -0.82(5) | 0.24(4) | 0.79(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 398.5 | 4371.1 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.74(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 401.0 | 3972.6 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.71(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 442.1 | 4813.2 | $33 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.65(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 446.5 | 2744.0 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 492.2 | 3236.2 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 502.3 | 2959.5 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 543.4 | 2959.5 | $23 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{+}$ | 0.28(3) | 0.16(3) | 1.26(8) | E2 |
|  | 589.3 | 3236.2 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 612.1 | 3571.6 | $27 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 614.6 | 3236.2 | $25 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 736.4 | 3972.6 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 799.5 | 4371.1 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.26(9) | $E 2$ |
|  | 840.6 | 4813.2 | $33 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1154.0 | 2744.0 | $21 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1159.4 | 2503.2 | $19 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band D6 | 140.2 | 3376.1 | $25 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ | -0.33(4) | 0.11(4) | 0.69(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 154.8 | 3530.9 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{-}$ | -0.26(2) | 0.05(3) | 0.78(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 240.7 | 3771.6 | $29 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ | -0.23(2) | 0.06(3) | 0.67(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 246.4 | 3376.1 | $25 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{-}$ | -0.36(1) | 0.13(2) | 0.88(1) | M1/E2 |
|  | 294.9 | 4066.5 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ | -0.41(5) | 0.20(3) | 0.69(7) | M1/E2 |
|  | 339.0 | 3771.6 | $29 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.78(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 342.1 | 4408.6 | $33 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ | -0.54(2) | 0.10(2) | 0.73(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 391.2 | 4799.8 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{-}$ | -0.63(2) | 0.09(3) | 0.65(1) | M1/E2 |
|  | 401.2 | 3530.9 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.89(4) | E1 |
|  | 415.5 | 5215.3 | $37 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.67(1) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 453.4 | 5668.7 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.71(2) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 479.3 | 6148.0 | $41 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ | -0.56(4) | 0.14(5) | 0.68(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 511.7 | 6659.7 | $43 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.75(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 535.6 | 4066.5 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.34(3) | E2 |
|  | 542.5 | 7202.2 | $45 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.93(8) | M1/E2 |
|  | 572.4 | 7774.7 | $47 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 45 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.73(2) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 595.1 | 3771.6 | $29 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.89(4) | E1 |
|  | 602.9 | 8377.6 | $\left(49 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 47 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.78(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 637.0 | 4408.6 | $33 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ | 0.41(3) | -0.21(2) | 1.33(2) | E2 |
|  | 649.1 | 3530.9 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.93(4) | E1 |
|  | 729.2 | 3376.1 | $25 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 0.87(5) | E1 |
|  | 733.3 | 4799.8 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ | 0.32(4) | -0.21(3) | 1.25(2) | E2 |
|  | 749.8 | 3235.9 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ | -0.31(3) | 0.14(3) | 0.83(5) | M1 |
|  | 806.7 | 5215.3 | $37 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{-}$ | 0.41(3) | 0.13(4) | 1.41(3) | $E 2$ |
|  | 868.9 | 5668.7 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | 0.32(1) | 0.05(2) | 1.31(4) | E2 |
|  | 890.0 | 3376.1 | $25 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.78(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 932.7 | 6148.0 | $41 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.42(1) | E2 |
|  | 991.0 | 6659.7 | $43 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.23(4) | E2 |
|  | 1036.0 | 3235.9 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.98(3) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 1044.8 | 3530.9 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.27(4) | E2 |
|  | 1054.2 | 7202.2 | $45 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{-}$ | 0.41(3) | -0.24(5) | 1.43(2) | E2 |
|  | 1076.2 | 3376.1 | $25 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.15(3) | E2 |
|  | 1115.0 | 7774.7 | $47 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.24(3) | E2 |
|  | 1175.4 | 8377.6 | $\left(49 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 45 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  | $E 2$ |
|  | 1176.2 | 3376.1 | $25 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.34(3) | E2 |
| Band D7 | 282.8 | 4482.5 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ | -0.53(2) | 0.13(3) | 0.77(1) | M1/E2 |
|  | 363.2 | 4845.7 | $33 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 367.4 | 5213.1 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{-}$ | -0.61(4) | 0.10(2) | 0.79(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 423.2 | 6078.0 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.77(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 441.7 | 5654.8 | $37 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | -0.59(3) | 0.06(4) | 0.65(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 467.4 | 6545.4 | $41 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ | -0.80(5) | 0.11(3) | 0.70(1) | M1/E2 |
|  | 491.1 | 7036.5 | $43 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{-}$ | -0.81(7) | 0.23(4) | 0.57(3) | M1/E2 |


| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 558.6 | 7595.1 | $45 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.75(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 646.0 | 4845.7 | $33 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 668.8 | 4199.7 | 29/2 $2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.90(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 710.9 | 4482.5 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ | -0.62(1) | 0.02(4) | 0.55(2) | M1/E2 |
|  | 730.6 | 5213.1 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 779.2 | 4845.7 | $33 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ | -0.73(3) | 0.12(3) | 0.70(1) | M1/E2 |
|  | 804.5 | 5213.1 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.76(3) | M1/E2 |
|  | 809.1 | 5654.8 | $37 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 855.0 | 5654.8 | $37 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 0.92(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 864.9 | 6078.0 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 890.6 | 6545.4 | $41 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 951.6 | 4482.5 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.34(7) | E2 |
|  | 958.5 | 7036.5 | $43 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1049.7 | 7595.1 | $45 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.31(4) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1074.1 | 4845.7 | $33 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ | 0.19(3) | -0.03(3) | 1.32(4) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1146.6 | 5213.1 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.13(8) | E2 |
| Band D8 | 401.3 | 5423.0 | $\left(37 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(35 / 2^{+}\right)$ | -0.67(11) | 0.10(14) | 0.75(10) | M1/E2 |
|  | 437.0 | 5860.0 | $\left(39 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(37 / 2^{+}\right)$ | -0.39(6) | 0.20(8) | 0.68(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 474.9 | 6335.9 | $\left(41 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(39 / 2^{+}\right)$ | -0.67(3) | 0.16(4) | 0.66(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 507.5 | 6843.4 | $\left(43 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(41 / 2^{+}\right)$ | -0.17(4) | 0.08(5) | 0.64(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 543.8 | 7387.2 | $\left(45 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(43 / 2^{+}\right)$ | -0.56(15) | 0.46(20) | 0.73(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 576.4 | 7963.6 | $\left(47 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(45 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 599.4 | 8563.0 | $\left(49 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(47 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  | 0.53(13) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 838.3 | 5860.0 | $\left(39 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(35 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 911.9 | 6335.9 | $\left(41 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(37 / 2^{+}\right)$ | 0.30(7) | 0.35(9) | 1.16 (31) | E2 |
|  | 982.4 | 6843.4 | $\left(43 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(39 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1051.3 | 7387.2 | $\left(45 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(41 / 2^{+}\right)$ | 0.41(11) | -0.15(14) | 1.58(50) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1104.3 | 5021.7 | $\left(35 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1120.2 | 7963.6 | $\left(47 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(43 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1175.8 | 8563.0 | $\left(49 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(45 / 2^{+}\right)$ | 0.45(6) | 0.12(8) | 1.42 (84) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1275.0 | 9838.0 | $\left(53 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow\left(49 / 2^{+}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band D9 | 302.9 | 6125.0 | $39 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{+}$ | -0.52(3) | 0.07(4) | 0.68(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 466.3 | 5822.1 | $37 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | -0.53(5) | 0.17 (7) | 0.68(5) | E1 |
|  | 479.5 | 6604.5 | $41 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{+}$ | -0.60(6) | 0.05(8) | 0.64(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 590.4 | 7194.9 | $43 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{+}$ | -0.39(7) | 0.01(9) | 0.75 (10) | M1/E2 |
|  | 590.8 | 7785.7 | $45 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{+}$ | -0.37(4) | -0.03(5) | 0.73 (4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 606.7 | 8392.4 | $47 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 45 / 2^{+}$ | 0.84(15) | 0.64(21) | 0.41(3) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 663.5 | 7858.4 | $41 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{+}$ | -0.39(18) | 0.66(26) | 0.67(5) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 795.9 | 9188.3 | $49 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 47 / 2^{+}$ | 0.21(4) | -0.05(6) | 1.21(8) | E2 |
|  | 847.0 | 5822.1 | $37 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{+}$ | -0.49(7) | 0.57(10) | 0.88(7) | M1/E2 |
| Other states | 282.6 | 4512.7 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ | -0.32(3) | 0.18(4) | 0.68(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 371.5 | 3943.1 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ | -0.55(4) | 0.08(5) | 0.63(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 382.2 | 4325.3 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{+}$ | -0.52(6) | -0.23(8) | 0.73(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 457.8 | 4783.1 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ |  |  | 1.20 (11) | E2 |
|  | 462.4 | 4975.1 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ | 0.27(4) | 0.02(5) | 1.22 (10) | E2 |
|  | 693.2 | 5523.9 | $37 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{+}$ | -0.25(5) | -0.02(7) | 0.81(6) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 753.7 | 4325.3 | $31 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 783.2 | 5758.3 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{+}$ | -0.95(16) | -0.02(20) | 0.48(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 793.5 | 5355.8 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow\left(31 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 952.6 | 5355.8 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow\left(31 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1027.1 | 6551.0 | $41 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{+}$ | 1.08(12) | 0.22(15) | 2.51(21) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1101.1 | 4230.1 | $29 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{+}$ | 0.32(12) | 0.06(17) | 1.14(8) | E2 |
|  | 1129.7 | 4562.3 | $\left(31 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q1 | 302.9 | 340.1 | $7 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{-}$ | -0.21(4) | 0.07(5) | 0.84(5) | E1 |
|  | 337.9 | 678.0 | $9 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 7 / 2^{+}$ | -0.49(3) | 0.13(4) | 0.66(4) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 470.6 | 678.0 | $9 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 11 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 781.4 | 1459.4 | $13 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 9 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 843.5 | 2302.9 | $\left(17 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow 13 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q2 | 423.6 | 4798.5 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{+}$ | -0.59(3) | 0.21(4) | 0.58(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 437.1 | 4812.0 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{+}$ | -0.54(6) | -0.03(8) | 0.64(4) | M1/E2 |


| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 702.5 | 4812.0 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ | 0.37(9) | -0.05(11) | 1.50(13) | E2 |
|  | 811.7 | 5623.7 | $39 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{+}$ | 0.30(2) | -0.10(3) | 1.31(8) | E2 |
|  | 825.2 | 5623.7 | $39 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{+}$ | 0.33(3) | -0.19(4) | 1.36 (10) | E2 |
|  | 881.1 | 4798.5 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ | 0.46(6) | -0.12(8) | 1.55(10) | E2 |
|  | 894.6 | 4812.0 | $35 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ | 0.34(4) | 0.14(5) | 1.22(9) | E2 |
|  | 927.9 | 6551.6 | $43 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{+}$ | 0.24(2) | 0.00(3) | 1.19(8) | E2 |
|  | 1016.1 | 7567.7 | $47 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{+}$ | 0.31(3) | -0.10(4) | 1.27(8) | E2 |
|  | 1106.9 | 8674.6 | $51 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 47 / 2^{+}$ | 0.40(1) | -0.13(2) | 1.44 (10) | E2 |
|  | 1186.9 | 9861.5 | $55 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 51 / 2^{+}$ | 0.54(7) | -0.31(10) | 1.72(18) | E2 |
|  | 1269.4 | 11130.9 | $59 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 55 / 2^{+}$ | 0.34(13) | 0.09(18) | 1.10(10) | E2 |
| Band Q3 | 1132.8 | 11023.8 | $59 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 55 / 2^{+}$ | 0.43(7) | -0.27(9) | 1.47(13) | E2 |
|  | 1216.4 | 9891.0 | $55 / 2^{+} \rightarrow 51 / 2^{+}$ | 0.70(21) | -0.30(26) | 1.68(24) | E2 |
|  | 1251.7 | 12275.5 | $\left(63 / 2^{+}\right) \rightarrow 59 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q4 | 417.6 | 3793.7 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 25 / 2^{-}$ | -0.56(6) | -0.05(8) | 0.69(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 422.9 | 3793.7 | $27 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ | 0.05(2) | -0.03(2) | 1.20(6) | E2 |
|  | 465.0 | 1808.8 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ | -0.49(2) | 0.09(3) | 0.65(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 489.2 | 4282.9 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{-}$ | 0.19(2) | -0.05(2) | 1.18(6) | E2 |
|  | 511.3 | 4282.9 | $31 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 29 / 2^{-}$ | -0.35(7) | 0.27(10) | 0.72(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 582.2 | 1409.3 | $17 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ | -0.83(7) | 0.31(9) | 0.45(3) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 608.0 | 1200.2 | $15 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 13 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 608.6 | 1808.8 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 643.5 | 4926.4 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ | 0.26(1) | -0.09(2) | 1.25(7) | $E 2$ |
|  | 710.0 | 2300.0 | $21 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ | -0.51(4) | 0.26(5) | 0.59(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 731.1 | 2540.2 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 762.7 | 3370.8 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ | 0.21(3) | -0.05(4) | 1.21(7) | E2 |
|  | 767.9 | 5694.3 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | 0.31(3) | -0.06(4) | 1.29(7) | E2 |
|  | 831.5 | 3370.8 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ | 0.08(1) | 0.02(1) | 1.06(11) | $E 2$ |
|  | 847.3 | 3370.8 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ | 0.36(5) | 0.23(7) | 1.21(7) | E2 |
|  | 884.7 | 3370.8 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 23 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 888.4 | 6582.7 | $43 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ | 0.33(3) | -0.11(4) | 1.32(7) | $E 2$ |
|  | 933.5 | 2523.5 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 956.2 | 2300.0 | $21 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ |  |  | 1.16(54) | (E2) |
|  | 981.7 | 1808.8 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 15 / 2^{-}$ | 0.18(4) | -0.13(5) | 1.22(9) | E2 |
|  | 1000.1 | 7582.8 | $47 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{-}$ | 0.35(4) | -0.07(6) | 1.36(8) | E2 |
|  | 1018.1 | 2608.1 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 19 / 2^{-}$ | 0.35(3) | 0.03(12) | 1.26(13) | $M 1 / E 2(\Delta I=0)$ |
|  | 1070.8 | 3370.8 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ | -0.17(8) | 0.26(11) | 0.77(6) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 1097.8 | 8680.6 | $51 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 47 / 2^{-}$ | 0.40(7) | -0.13(9) | 1.43(12) | E2 |
|  | 1115.3 | 2523.5 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1170.9 | 3370.8 | $23 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 21 / 2^{-}$ | -0.56(11) | 0.20(15) | 0.64(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 1179.7 | 2523.5 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ | -0.59(8) | 0.02(10) | 0.65(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 1187.9 | 9868.5 | $55 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 51 / 2^{-}$ | 0.54(11) | -0.07(15) | 1.50(16) | E2 |
|  | 1195.9 | 2540.2 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1264.3 | 2608.1 | $19 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 17 / 2^{-}$ | -0.11(8) | 0.13(7) | 0.81(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 1274.6 | 11143.1 | $59 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 55 / 2^{-}$ | 0.22(18) | -0.19(24) | 1.13(8) | E2 |
|  | 1356.1 | 12499.2 | $63 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 59 / 2^{-}$ | 0.45(8) | 0.00(10) | 1.31(11) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1424.9 | 13924.1 | $67 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 63 / 2^{-}$ | 0.40(7) | 0.16(9) | $1.24(54)$ | $E 2$ |
|  | 1500.8 | 15424.9 | $71 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 67 / 2^{-}$ | 0.94(16) | 0.22(20) | 2.11(85) | E2 |
| Band Q5 | 477.1 | 5628.8 | $37 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.13(8) | -0.33(10) | 1.15(9) | E2 |
|  | 702.4 | 5628.8 | $37 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | -0.16(5) | 0.08(7) | 0.86(6) | M1/E2 |
|  | 818.3 | 6512.6 | $41 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ | -0.28(4) | 0.02(6) | 0.78(5) | M1/E2 |
|  | 868.8 | 5151.7 | $33 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ | -0.30(11) | 0.24(16) | 0.65(5) | $M 1 / E 2$ |
|  | 881.7 | 7394.3 | $45 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.29(9) | -0.16(12) | 1.22(9) | E2 |
|  | 883.8 | 6512.6 | $41 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.27(13) | -0.01(8) | 1.20 (8) | E2 |
|  | 890.5 | 8284.8 | $49 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 45 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.32(4) | -0.21(5) | 1.34(9) | E2 |
|  | 996.7 | 9281.5 | $53 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 49 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.08(4) | -0.12(6) | 1.06(8) | E2 |
|  | 1097.1 | 10378.6 | $57 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 53 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.41(7) | -0.9(10) | 1.40 (10) | E2 |
|  | 1134.4 | 12878.3 | $65 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 61 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1188.4 | 11567.0 | $61 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 57 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  | 1.08(21) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1234.3 | 5151.7 | $33 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1311.3 | 12878.3 | $65 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 61 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |


| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1378.0 | 14256.3 | $69 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 65 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.38(14) | 0.11(20) | 1.38(13) | E2 |
|  | 1485.5 | 15741.8 | $\left(73 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 69 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1500.1 | 15756.4 | $\left(73 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 69 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q6 | 978.8 | 9725.3 | $53 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 49 / 2^{-}$ | 0.33(7) | -0.01(9) | 1.29(10) | E2 |
|  | 990.0 | 11753.9 | $61 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 57 / 2^{-}$ | 0.65(9) | 0.23(2) | 1.49(12) | E2 |
|  | 1028.6 | 10743.9 | $57 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 53 / 2^{-}$ | 0.68(10) | -0.15(13) | 1.97 (18) | E2 |
|  | 1057.8 | 12800.7 | $65 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 61 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.35(14) | 0.17(19) | 1.32(12) | E2 |
|  | 1194.5 | 13996.2 | $69 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 65 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.40(16) | -0.07(21) | 1.49 (17) | E2 |
|  | 1210.0 | 12800.7 | $65 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow\left(61 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1213.1 | 11591.7 | $\left(61 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 57 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1234.7 | 12800.7 | $65 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 61 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.45(10) | 0.05(14) | 1.35(17) | E2 |
|  | 1289.7 | 15285.9 | $73 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 69 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.40(16) | -0.07(21) | 1.49 (17) | E2 |
|  | 1393.8 | 16679.7 | $\left(77 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 73 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1500.2 | 18179.9 | $\left(81 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(77 / 2^{-}\right)$ | 0.52(12) | -0.24(16) | 1.57(20) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1603.9 | 19783.8 | $\left(85 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(81 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q7 | 702.7 | 5848.4 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | 0.67(16) | 0.17(8) | 1.61(13) | $E 2$ |
|  | 739.1 | 5147.7 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 33 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 771.8 | 6620.2 | $43 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{-}$ | 0.42(4) | -0.08(5) | 1.39(10) | $E 2$ |
|  | 864.8 | 5147.7 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 880.9 | 7501.1 | $47 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{-}$ | 0.35(3) | 0.00(4) | 1.29(9) | E2 |
|  | 922.0 | 5848.4 | $39 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{-}$ | 0.55(5) | 0.05(7) | 1.47 (11) | E2 |
|  | 986.4 | 8487.5 | $51 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 47 / 2^{-}$ | 0.33(6) | -0.20(8) | 1.39 (9) | E2 |
|  | 1079.7 | 9567.2 | $55 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 51 / 2^{-}$ | 0.40(3) | -0.09(4) | $1.38(9)^{*}$ | E2 |
|  | 1081.2 | 5147.7 | $35 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{-}$ | 0.40(3) | -0.09(4) | $1.38(9)^{*}$ | $E 2$ |
|  | 1168.4 | 10735.6 | $59 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 55 / 2^{-}$ | 0.44(7) | -0.19(9) | 1.47 (11) | E2 |
|  | 1242.4 | 11978.0 | $63 / 2^{-} \rightarrow 59 / 2^{-}$ | 0.38(7) | -0.20(9) | 1.51(13) | E2 |
|  | 1385.0 | 13363.0 | $\left(67 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 63 / 2^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1459.6 | 14822.6 | $\left(71 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(67 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q8 | 1172.1 | 13150.1 | $\left(65 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(63 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1222.8 | 14372.9 | $\left(69 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(65 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1300.7 | 17010.3 | $\left(77 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(73 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1319.2 | 18329.5 | $\left(81 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(77 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1336.7 | 15709.6 | $\left(73 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(69 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1405.4 | 19734.9 | $\left(85 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(81 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1507.2 | 21242.1 | $\left(89 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(85 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1586.0 | 22828.1 | $\left(93 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(89 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q9 | 698.7 | 7284.3 | $43 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow\left(39 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 757.7 | 7284.3 | $43 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 41 / 2^{(-)}$ | -0.76(6) | 0.15(8) | 0.49(4) | M1/E2 |
|  | 775.2 | 7284.3 | $43 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 39 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.49(5) | 0.07(6) | 1.22(13) | E2 |
|  | 859.8 | 8144.1 | $47 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 43 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.20(2) | -0.16(2) | 1.23(9) | E2 |
|  | 897.8 | 6526.6 | $41 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 37 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.38(3) | -0.04(4) | 1.37 (9) | E2 |
|  | 965.2 | 9109.3 | $51 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 47 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.45(6) | -0.14(8) | 1.46 (10) | E2 |
|  | 1001.2 | 6585.6 | $\left(39 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 35 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1060.8 | 10169.9 | $55 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 51 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.30(6) | -0.13(8) | 1.33(9) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1150.4 | 11320.4 | $59 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 55 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.44(8) | 0.05(10) | 1.31(14) | E2 |
|  | 1244.2 | 12564.3 | $63 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 59 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.46(10) | -0.29(13) | 1.59(16) | E2 |
|  | 1339.6 | 13904.3 | $67 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 63 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.22(2) | 0.04(3) | 1.19 (9) | E2 |
|  | 1436.1 | 15340.4 | $71 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 67 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.41(14 | 0.13(19) | 1.26(13) | E2 |
|  | 1452.6 | 16793.0 | $\left(75 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 71 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1497.4 | 18290.2 | $\left(79 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(75 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Band Q10 | 1158.1 | 11328.0 | $59 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 55 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.45(5) | 0.05(6) | 1.35(12) | $E 2$ |
|  | 1199.3 | 12592.3 | $63 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 59 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.43(6) | -0.28(7) | 1.59(17) | E2 |
|  | 1240.5 | 13767.8 | $67 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 63 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.69(14) | 0.16(18) | 1.50(20) | E2 |
|  | 1274.7 | 15042.5 | $71 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 67 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.30(6) | 0.18(8) | 1.19 (12) | E2 |
|  | 1374.9 | 16417.4 | $75 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 71 / 2^{(-)}$ | 0.57(7) | 0.03(9) | 1.45 (16) | E2 |
|  | 1484.8 | 17902.2 | $\left(79 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow 75 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1592.7 | 19494.9 | $\left(83 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(79 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1699.1 | 21194.0 | $\left(87 / 2^{-}\right) \rightarrow\left(83 / 2^{-}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |


| Band | $E_{\gamma}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $E_{i}(\mathrm{keV})$ | $I_{i}^{\pi} \rightarrow I_{f}^{\pi}$ | $a_{2}$ | $a_{4}$ | $R_{a c}$ | Mult. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Band Q11 | 700.6 | 4740.7 | $31 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 27 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  | $1.31(10)$ | $E 2$ |
|  | 843.7 | 5584.5 | $35 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 31 / 2^{(-)}$ |  |  | $1.12(10)$ | $E 2$ |
|  | 924.7 | 6509.1 | $39 / 2^{(-)} \rightarrow 35 / 2^{(-)}$ | $0.13(6)$ | $-0.19(9)$ | $1.18(9)$ | $E 2$ |

## A. The dipole bands

In addition to the dipole bands ( $D 3-D 7$ ) previously identified in Refs. [1, 2], two new sequences of dipole character, labeled as $D 8$ and $D 9$ in Fig. 1, have been observed. Spectra obtained by double-gating on selected transitions of each of these bands are displayed in Fig. 3.

Band D8 [Fig. 3(a)] is composed of nine levels linked by dipole and quadrupole crossover transitions. It decays through the $1104-\mathrm{keV}$ transition and feeds into band $D 3$ at the $31 / 2^{+}$level. While the bandhead energy of band $D 8$ is fixed at 5021.7 keV , its spin-parity $\left(35 / 2^{+}\right)$is tentative, since it was not possible to obtain either an angular distribution or a correlation ratio for this $1104-\mathrm{keV}$ transition. The present tentative assignment is based on comparisons with similar dipole bands and the theoretical interpretation of the band (see Section IV).

The dipole sequence, D9 [Fig. 3(b)] is comprised of six states connected by mixed dipole-quadrupole transitions. It decays primarily through the $847-\mathrm{keV}, E 2$ transition towards the $4975.1-\mathrm{keV}$ state, which in turn decays to band $D 4$ through the $462-283-1101 \mathrm{keV}$ cascade [Fig. 3(c)]. Band D9 also decays very weakly through the $466-\mathrm{keV} \gamma$ ray towards the $5355.8-\mathrm{keV}$ state. The latter in turn is deexcited toward band $D 2$ via the 794-, 953and $1130-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions. Two other lines of 664 and 796 keV were identified in coincidence with transitions of band $D 9$, which depopulate the $45 / 2^{+}$and $51 / 2^{+}$states at 7858.4 and 9188.3 keV , respectively. The bandhead of $D 9$, populated by the $303-\mathrm{keV}$ transition, is fixed at 5822.1 keV and has spin-parity $37 / 2^{+}$.

Three new states linked by the 382 - and $458-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions and connected to the $27 / 2^{+}$level of band $D 5$ by the 372 - and $754-\mathrm{keV} \gamma$ rays were also identified. The 382 - and $458-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions have different character, being dipole and quadrupole transitions, respectively. Therefore, this sequence is not considered to be a band.

## B. The quadrupole bands

Two $\Delta I=2$ bands, $Q 1$ (Fig. 1) and $Q 11$ (Fig. 2), with positive and negative parity, respectively, have been observed at low and medium spins, along with several new states which are fed by transitions from band $Q 4$ (Fig. 2). In addition, two new sequences of quadrupole character, $Q 2$ and $Q 3$ (Fig. 1), have been identified at
high spins. The relative spins of these bands were established from measurements of both angular distributions and correlations as described in Sec. II. Spectra obtained by double-gating on selected $\gamma$ rays in each of these bands are presented in Figs. 4, 5, and 6.

The quadrupole sequence $Q 1$ is composed of four states observed for the first time in this study. The 303- and $338-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions are of dipole character, fixing the spins of the lowest two levels as $7 / 2$ and $9 / 2$, respectively. The positive parity assigned to the $9 / 2,678.0-$ keV state comes from the presence of the $768-\mathrm{keV}$ feeding transition of $E 2$ character linking it to band $D 1$. The $7 / 2^{+}$assignment to the bandhead then follows from the dipole-quadrupole mixed character of the $338-\mathrm{keV} \gamma$ ray, while the $13 / 2^{+}$spin-parity of the third member in the sequence is based on the likely $E 2$ character of the 712keV link with the $17 / 2^{+}$state in band $D 1$.

The decay sequence labeled $Q 2$ in Fig. 1 is entirely new. It consists of eight levels connected by transitions of $E 2$ character and decays through five transitions towards band $D 3$. While the decay of the $31 / 2^{+}$bandhead at 4109.5 keV could not be delineated, the excitation energy, spins and positive parity of the band are firmly established by the connecting transitions to the dipole sequence, $D 3$. Moreover, band $Q 3$, which is also new, decays to band $Q 2$ through the $1216-\mathrm{keV} E 2$ transition. Therefore, the bandhead of band $Q 3$ at 9891.0 keV has spin-parity $55 / 2^{+}$.

In addition, all transitions assigned to bands designated as $2-4$ in Ref. [5] have been observed in the present work and their placement is consistent with the proposed level scheme, albeit, with some modifications. Band $Q 4$ was first reported in Ref. [2] (as band 1) and was later extended to higher spins in Ref. [5], but was, however, never linked to low-lying states; four transitions (832, 847,934 and 1180 keV ) were observed in coincidence with band $Q 4$ and suggested as possible links [5] to the lowlying structure. In the present work, these transitions, along with several others, have been used to link band $Q 4$ to the low-lying states (see Fig. 2). This resulted in a bandhead spin-parity of $23 / 2^{-}$, which is $2 \hbar$ lower than the previously assumed value of $27 / 2$ in Ref. [5]. All other previously observed in-band transitions are confirmed. The decay of this band, as presently configured, is very fragmented; it populates six different states at $1409.3,1808.8,2300.0,2523.5,2540.2$ and 2608.1 keV . These in turn, decay towards band $D 2$ and the $15 / 2^{-}$ state at 1200.2 keV through 19 transitions. For many of the latter, it was possible to deduce angular-distribution coefficients and anisotropies, and this resulted in firm


FIG. 3: (Color online) Representative double-gated coincidence spectra for bands $D 8$ and $D 9$ in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. The gates were placed on selected transitions in each sequence and are indicated. The transitions marked with asterisks represent the members of the band, while those marked with \# are identified contaminants from other bands.


FIG. 4: (Color online) Representative double-gated coincidence spectra for bands $Q 1, Q 2$ and $Q 3$ in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. The gates were placed on selected transitions in each band. Transitions marked with asterisks represent the band members, while those marked with \# are identified contaminants from other bands.
spin-parity assignments for all states. Consequently, the $Q 4$ bandhead populated by the $423-\mathrm{keV}$ transition is now fixed at 3370.8 keV with spin-parity $23 / 2^{-}$. In addition to the connecting transitions towards the newly observed low-lying states, the 418- and $511-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions identified here for the first time link the $27 / 2^{-}$and $31 / 2^{-}$levels of band $Q 4$ to the previously known $25 / 2^{-}$and $29 / 2^{-}$ states of band $D 6$, herewith providing further confidence to the spin-parity assignments.

Band $Q 5$ was first reported in Ref. [5] (as band 2), and linked to the $39 / 2^{-}$state of band $Q 4$ by the $882-\mathrm{keV} \gamma$ ray. While some of the previously reported transitions in this band are confirmed here, its structure and decay-
out have been modified. This change was necessitated by the identification of: (i) the $477-\mathrm{keV}$ line populating the $33 / 2^{(-)}$bandhead at 5151.7 keV , (ii) a new $1311-$ keV transition placed in the middle of the band, (iii) three transitions of 702,818 and 869 keV linking the sequence to band $Q 4$ and (iv) the $1234-\mathrm{keV}$ transition deexciting the bandhead of $Q 5$ towards band $D 3$. In addition, several new interconnecting transitions between bands $Q 5$ and $Q 6$ were identified in the $57 / 2-65 / 2$ spin range; these are attributed to the mixing between the two structures. The E2 character of the $1235-\mathrm{keV}$ transition from band $Q 6$ to the $61 / 2^{(-)}$state of band $Q 5$ fixes the parity of the two sequences as being the same. A weak


FIG. 5: (Color online) Representative double-gated coincidence spectra for bands $Q 4, Q 5$ and $Q 6$ in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. The gates were set on selected transitions in each band. The transitions marked with asterisks represent the band members, while those marked with \# are identified contaminants from other bands.

1486-keV $\gamma$ ray observed in coincidence with transitions in band $Q 5$ is placed above the $69 / 2^{(-)}$level and in parallel to the $15756.4-\mathrm{keV}$ level depopulated by the $1500-\mathrm{keV}$ $\gamma$ ray. The spins of band $Q 5$ are fixed by the $\Delta I=1$ transitions connecting it to band $Q 4$ where spin-parity assignments are firm.

Similarly, band Q6 was first reported in Ref. [5] (as band 3 ), and is confirmed by the present results, with the exception of the highest 1711- and $1824-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions which were not observed. The $65 / 2^{(-)}$state decays towards the $61 / 2^{(-)}$level of band $Q 5$ through the 1235$\mathrm{keV} E 2$ transition and towards an intermediate $\left(61 / 2^{-}\right)$ state which in turn decays to the $57 / 2^{(-)}$level of band $Q 5$. These connecting transitions between bands $Q 6$ and $Q 5$ establish the same parity for the two bands. The Q6 bandhead, populated by the $979-\mathrm{keV}$ transition is at 8746.5 keV and has spin-parity $49 / 2^{(-)}$.

Band $Q 7$ was first reported in Ref. [5] (as band 4), with the suggestion that it decays towards low-lying levels in band $Q 4$. This sequence is confirmed here, with the exception of the $1320-\mathrm{keV} \gamma$ ray which was not observed. While the $1385-\mathrm{keV}$ transition is observed, it is now placed differently and a new transition of 1460 keV is placed on top of the band. Four new decay-out transitions towards band $Q 4$ have also been identified. The $E 2$ character of the $922-\mathrm{keV}$ link with band $Q 4$ establishes the negative parity of band $Q 7$. The $Q 7$ bandhead, pop-
ulated by the $703-\mathrm{keV}$ transition, is now at 5147.7 keV with spin-parity $35 / 2^{-}$.

The quadrupole sequence $Q 8$ was first reported in Ref. [5] (as band 5), and linked to band $Q 7$ through the $1172-\mathrm{keV}$ line. Only the $1223-$ and $1337-\mathrm{keV} \gamma$ rays are confirmed by the present data, but five new transitions now extend the sequence to excitation energy and spin of 22828.1 keV and $93 / 2$, respectively; the parity of the band members could not be firmly established. The bandhead energy is determined as 13150.1 keV .

Band $Q 9$ was first reported in Ref. [5] (as a cascade of four transitions below band 6), with the suggestion that it decays towards band $D 6$. The present results confirm the previously observed $\gamma$ rays, but the in-band transitions of 1158 and 1241 keV are now placed in band $Q 10$. One new transition of 860 keV was added at the bottom of the band, and six lines of $1150,1244,1340,1436,1453$ and 1497 keV have been placed above the $10169.9-\mathrm{keV}$ level depopulated by the $1061-\mathrm{keV}$ transition reported previously [5]. Band $Q 9$ has been linked through the $758-898-\mathrm{keV}$ cascade to band $Q 5$, and through the 775 keV transition and the $699-1001-\mathrm{keV}$ cascade to band $Q 11$. The $Q 9$ bandhead is located at 7284.3 keV with spin-parity $43 / 2^{(-)}$.

Band $Q 10$ was labeled band 6 in Ref. [5] where it was first suggested that it decays towards band $Q 9$ through the 1201-keV line. This band is confirmed here but the


FIG. 6: (Color online) Representative double-gated coincidence spectra for bands $Q 7, Q 8, Q 9, Q 10$ and $Q 11$ in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. The gates were set on selected transitions in each band. The transitions marked with asterisks represent the band members, while those marked with \# are identified contaminants from other bands.
highest $\gamma$ rays at 1779 and 1856 keV are not observed in the present data. The 1158- and $1241-\mathrm{keV}$ transitions assigned previously to band $Q 9$ are now placed in the bottom of band $Q 10$. The $Q 10$ bandhead is at 11328.0 keV with spin-parity $59 / 2^{(-)}$.

Band $Q 11$ is new to this work and is composed of four levels. It is fed by the $775-\mathrm{keV}$ line from the $43 / 2^{(-)}$ state of band $Q 9$. Its decay could not be established, but the feeding transitions from band $Q 9$ fix the energy and spin-parity of the $Q 11$ bandhead to 4040.1 keV and $27 / 2^{(-)}$.

## IV. DISCUSSION

In this section, results of calculations performed within the framework of the cranked Nilsson-Strutinsky (CNS) model and of tilted axis cranking covariant density functional theory (TAC-CDFT) are presented. It should be noted that the present calculations focus mainly on the medium and high-spin structures where pairing effects are less important. Specific calculations for the low-spin part of the ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ nucleus have been performed in other formalisms such as the pair truncated shell model [27, 28], nucleon pair approximations [29] and other empirical models with pairing [2].

## A. CNS Calculations

The level structure of ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$, with 58 protons and 75 neutrons, can be considered to arise from an interaction between eight valence proton particles above the $Z=50$ major shell and seven neutron holes in the $N=82$ major shell. In the low-energy regime, the nucleus is expected to be characterized by a small deformation, $\varepsilon_{2} \sim 0.15-0.20$. Thus, it is convenient to express the single-particle states in terms of $j$-shell quantum numbers.

In the CNS formalism [7-10], the nucleus rotates about one of its principal axes and pairing is neglected. The deformation is optimized for each single-particle configuration under consideration. The configurations are labelled by the number of particles in low- $j$ and high- $j$ orbitals, respectively, in the different $\mathcal{N}$-shells. The configurations can be defined relative to a ${ }^{132} \mathrm{Sn}$ core as,

$$
\pi(d g)^{p_{1}}\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{p_{2}} \nu(s d)^{-n_{1}}\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{-n_{2}}(h f)^{n_{3}}\left(i_{13 / 2}\right)^{n_{4}}
$$

for which we will use the short hand notation [ $\left.p_{1} p_{2}, n_{1} n_{2}\left(n_{3} n_{4}\right)\right]$. The pseudospin partners $d_{5 / 2} g_{7 / 2}$ $(d g), s_{1 / 2} d_{3 / 2}(s d)$ and $h_{9 / 2} f_{7 / 2}(h f)$ are not distinguished in this formalism. Note that all particles are listed; i.e., not only the particles considered as active (unpaired). Note also that the labels do not refer to the pure $j$-shells, but rather to the dominating amplitudes in the Nilsson orbitals. In some cases, for an odd number


FIG. 7: (Color online) Energies relative to a standard rotating liquid drop reference calculated for the experimental bands observed in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$. The Harris parameters used are: $\mathcal{J}_{0}=22 \hbar^{2} \mathrm{MeV}^{-1}$ and $\mathcal{J}_{1}=11 \hbar^{4} \mathrm{MeV}^{-3}$.
of particles in a group, the signature will be specified as a subscript $+(\alpha=+1 / 2)$ or $-(\alpha=-1 / 2)$. The $A=130$ parameters introduced in Refs. [7, 8] have been used for the ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ calculations.

The lowest proton configuration has eight protons in the $\pi g_{7 / 2}$ and $\pi d_{5 / 2}$ orbitals which interact and are strongly mixed. Higher angular momenta from proton configurations can be obtained by exciting one, two or three protons from these $\pi g_{7 / 2}$ and $\pi d_{5 / 2}$ orbitals into the $\pi h_{11 / 2}$ states. The lowest observed bands are characterized by configurations with one neutron hole in the $\nu d_{3 / 2}$ and $\nu s_{1 / 2}$ orbitals which also interact and mix strongly. Higher angular momenta can also be obtained from neutron configurations with one, two or three holes in the $\nu h_{11 / 2}$ orbital instead. Many more excited states and very-high angular momenta can result from neutron excitations above the $N=82$ shell gap into the $\nu f_{7 / 2}, \nu h_{9 / 2}$ and $\nu i_{13 / 2}$ orbitals and proton excitations from the $\pi g_{9 / 2}$ state across the $Z=50$ shell gap.

Energies relative to a standard rotating liquid drop reference for the experimental bands observed in ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ are presented in Fig. 7. As in the case of other triaxial


FIG. 8: (Color online) (a) Experimental alignments for bands $D 2, D 3, D 6, D 8$ and $D 9$. (b) Experimental alignments for bands $Q 2-Q 10$. The Harris parameters used to obtain these plots are: $\mathcal{J}_{0}=22 \hbar^{2} \mathrm{MeV}^{-1}$ and $\mathcal{J}_{1}=11 \hbar^{4} \mathrm{MeV}^{-3}$.
bands observed in this mass region, the variation of the energy relative to a rotating liquid drop for medium- and high-spin bands has a parabolic behavior. In contrast, the lowest excited bands involving only one neutron hole have an upsloping behavior resulting from the increasing importance of pairing with decreasing spin, as recently discussed; e.g., in Ref. [15]. It should be noted that the dipole bands have a more pronounced curvature than the high-spin sequences. The configuration assignments discussed below are proposed by achieving the best possible agreement between the experimental and calculated energies and spins for each band.

The experimental alignments for the ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce} D$ and $Q$ bands are plotted as a function of rotational frequency in Fig. 8. They reveal the contribution of the active nucleons to the total angular momentum and have been used to guide the choice of associated CNS configurations.

## 1. The dipole bands

The $D$ bands may be recognized in Fig. 7(a) as signature-doublet sequences. The lack of signature splitting signals an instability in a tilt of the rotational axis
with respect to the principal axes and the need to carry out tilted axis cranking (TAC) calculations. However, as the shape and energy of the bands are well accounted for by the CNS calculations (see Fig. 9) with good accuracy, in this section, the interpretation will be based on the results of this model.

A comparison between the experimental bands $D 3$, $D 6, D 8$ and $D 9$ and the results of the CNS calculations are provided in Fig. 9, where the proposed configurations are given as well. The data and calculations agree to within $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{MeV}$. The calculated configurations are all built on triaxial shapes, with quadrupole deformations decreasing slightly, from $\varepsilon_{2} \approx 0.22$ to $\varepsilon_{2} \approx 0.18$, with increasing spin, while the triaxiality parameter remains nearly constant with $\gamma \approx+24^{\circ}$.

The configurations of bands $D 3$ and $D 6$ involve only orbitals from below the $N=82$ shell closure, while those of bands $D 8$ and $D 9$ are associated with one neutron in the $\nu\left(f_{7 / 2}, h_{9 / 2}\right)$ subshell. These $D 3$ and $D 6$ configurations are the same as those proposed previously [1, 2]. The configurations assignments for the new bands $D 8$ and $D 9,\left[7_{ \pm} 1_{-}, 44\left(1_{ \pm} 0\right)\right]$, or $\pi\left(d_{5 / 2}, g_{7 / 2}\right) h_{11 / 2} \otimes$ $\nu h_{11 / 2}\left(h_{9 / 2}, f_{7 / 2}\right)$ in terms of spherical orbitals, are similar to those assigned to bands with similar properties in neighboring nuclei; e.g., bands 10 and 11 in ${ }^{136} \mathrm{Nd}$ [30] and a newly identified sequence in ${ }^{134} \mathrm{Ce}$ [31]. These are associated with a neutron excitation from the $\nu h_{11 / 2}$ orbital to the $\nu\left(h_{9 / 2}, f_{7 / 2}\right)$ state when compared to the $\left[7_{ \pm} 1_{-}, 43_{ \pm}(00)\right]$ configuration of bands $D 3$ and $D 4$ towards which they decay. The alignment of band $D 8$ is similar to that of band $D 6$ [see Fig. 8(a)], even though the proposed configurations are quite different. This can be explained as follows: although the $D 8$ configuration has one fewer $h_{11 / 2}$ proton than that of band $D 6$, it also has one neutron in the $\left(h_{9 / 2}, f_{7 / 2}\right)$ state, which contributes an amount of aligned angular momentum similar to that of the "missing" $h_{11 / 2}$ proton. The irregular behavior of the aligned angular momentum exhibited by band $D 9$ is not easy to understand - it might possibly be due to the crossing/interaction with one or more other unobserved, close-lying band(s).

## 2. The quadrupole high-spin bands

A similar comparison between experiment and theory for the $Q$-bands is presented in Fig. 10, with the proposed configurations included here as well.

Band $Q 2$ (Fig. 1) has a minimum in the $\left[\left(E-E_{r l d}\right)\right.$, $I]$ plane [Fig. 10(a)] at the lowest spin, and the experimental alignment [Fig. 8 (b)] increases from 6 to 12 $\hbar$ over the spin range involved. The $\left[7_{-} 1_{-}, 43_{-}(00)\right]$ configuration is assigned, based on a comparison with the CNS calculations in Fig. 10(b). This configuration represents a simple proton excitation relative to the $\left[7_{+} 1_{-}, 43_{ \pm}(00)\right]$ assignment to band $D 3$ towards which band $Q 2$ decays (from the positive to the negative signature of the $h_{11 / 2}$ orbital). In the calculations, the de-
formation of the $\left[7_{-} 1_{-}, 43_{-}(00)\right]$ configuration changes abruptly from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.18,+12^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=35 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.17,-25^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=39 / 2$. Since such an abrupt variation in the lower part of band $Q 2$ is not observed, it is natural to suggest that its deformation remains $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.17,-25^{\circ}\right)$.

Over the observed spin range, the configuration of band $Q 3$ should be similar to that of band $Q 2$ to which it decays. As a result, it is assigned the same configuration as that of band $Q 2,\left[7_{-} 1_{-}, 43_{-}(00)\right]$, but with a different deformation; $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.16,-60^{\circ}\right)$. The change of the triaxial deformation between the bands $Q 2$ and $Q 3$ induces a smaller moment of inertia for $\gamma=-60^{\circ}$, and can account for the higher alignment observed for band $Q 3$ [Fig. 8 (b)].

Band $Q 4$ was originally discussed in Ref. [5] using total routhian surface (TRS) calculations, and it was concluded that the dominant configuration is $\nu\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{3}$, with the gradual alignment of $s_{1 / 2}$ and $d_{3 / 2}$ neutrons being partially responsible for the smooth increase of the alignment. The present CNS calculations for the $\left[80,25_{+}(00)\right]$ configuration corresponding to $\nu\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{3}$ exhibit a sharp upslope at high spins which is not seen experimentally (compare the top and middle panels of Fig. 10). This behavior practically excludes the $\left[80,25_{+}(00)\right]$ configuration for the high-spin part of band $Q 4$. A possible alternative would be $\left[62,25_{+}(00)\right]$, which includes an additional pair of $\pi h_{11 / 2}$ protons relative to the lowspin $\left[80,25_{+}(00)\right]$ configuration. The nature of band $Q 4$ would, therefore, change from low to high spins through a crossing between the $\left[80,25_{+}(00)\right]$ and $\left[62,25_{+}(00)\right]$ configurations. However, this $\left[62,25_{+}(00)\right]$ configuration is found to lie too low in energy at high spins (by $\sim 2 \mathrm{MeV}$ ) relative to the experimental band (see Fig. 10). In addition, it is sharply downsloping with increasing spin, in contrast with the observed behavior of band $Q 4$ which is upsloping at high spins. The preferred CNS configuration for band $Q 4$ is then $\left[62,44\left(1 \_0\right)\right]$, which involves one neutron excited in the $\left(h_{9 / 2}, f_{7 / 2}\right)$ subshell above $N=82$. This suggested configuration provides enough angular momentum to induce a smooth increase of the energy at the highest observed spins. As can be see in Fig. 10(c), the difference between the experimental $Q 4$ energies and the $\left[62,44\left(1 \_0\right)\right]$ configuration increases slightly at low spins where the pairing correlations, neglected in the present CNS calculations, become important. The deformation of the $[62,44(1-0)]$ configuration is calculated to change gradually from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.2,0^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=23 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.18,28^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=71 / 2$.

Bands $Q 5, Q 7$ and $Q 9$ were also discussed in Ref. [5] (as bands 2, 4 and 7). However, the proposed assignments were made based on assumed excitation energies, spins and parities, resulting in a proposed near degeneracy for bands $Q 5$ and $Q 7$. In the present investigation, the energy and spins of these bands have now been firmly established, and this degeneracy is no longer present [Fig. 7(b)]. Consequently, the suggested interpretation with bands $Q 5$ and $Q 7$ as signature part-


FIG. 9: (Color online) The observed bands $D 3, D 6, D 8$ and $D 9$ of ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ are shown relative to a rotating liquid drop reference in the upper panel, with the calculated configurations assigned to these bands shown relative to the same reference in the middle panel. The lower panel shows the difference between calculations and experiment.
ners of the $\nu h_{11 / 2}^{3} \otimes \pi h_{11 / 2}^{2}$ configuration is no longer valid. As evidenced by Fig. 8(b), the alignments of bands $Q 5, Q 7$ and $Q 9$ are higher than that of band $Q 4$, herewith suggesting similar orbital occupations for the three sequences. In fact, among the calculated, lowlying negative-parity configurations, the $\left[62,44\left(1_{+} 0\right)\right]$, $\left[7_{+} 1_{-}, 3_{+} 4(00)\right]$ and $\left[5_{+} 3_{+}, 3_{-} 4(00)\right]$ ones account well for the observed $Q 5, Q 7$ and $Q 9$ respective behavior. The calculated deformation of the $\left[62,44\left(1_{+} 0\right)\right]$ configuration changes gradually from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.22,11^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=33 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.19,29^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=73 / 2$, that for the $\left[7_{+} 1_{-} ; 3_{+} 4(00)\right]$ configuration changes from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=$ $\left(0.17,-20^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=35 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.10,-47^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=71 / 2$, and that for the $\left[5_{+} 3_{+}, 3_{-} 4(00)\right]$ configuration changes from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.20,22^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=43 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.17,24^{\circ}\right.$ at $I=59 / 2$. The latter also jumps to a minimum with $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.15,-30^{\circ}\right)$ up to spin $I=$ $71 / 2$, and then at the highest observed spins, jumps back to the minimum with positive $\gamma,\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.10,28^{\circ}\right)$. The upbend observed at the highest spins in band $Q 9$ can be explained by the jump between the two triaxial minima with positive and negative $\gamma$, or alternatively by a crossing with a configuration involving additional high-j orbitals.

Bands $Q 6$ and $Q 10$ have similar alignments, lying about $4 \hbar$ higher than those of bands $Q 5, Q 7$ and $Q 9$. The CNS configurations with compatible excitation energies
and spin-parity are $\left[5 \_3+, 3_{-} 4(00)\right]$ and $\left[53_{-} 3_{-}, 3_{-} 4(00)\right]$ for bands $Q 6$ and $Q 10$, respectively. These have similar number of occupied high- $j$ orbitals, with two additional $h_{11 / 2}$ particles relative to bands $Q 5, Q 7$ and $Q 9$. The calculated quadrupole deformation of the $\left[53_{+}, 3_{-} 4(00)\right]$ configuration changes gradually from $\varepsilon_{2}=0.18$ at $I=$ $53 / 2$ to $\varepsilon_{2}=0.08$ at $I=85 / 2$, while the triaxial deformation changes from $\gamma \approx+20^{\circ}(I=61 / 2)$, to $\gamma \approx-30^{\circ}$ $(I=65 / 2-73 / 2)$, and to $\gamma \approx+20^{\circ} I>73 / 2$, reflecting the softness of the shallow minimum with respect to $\gamma$ deformation. The calculated deformation of the $\left[5{ }_{-} 3_{-}, 3_{-} 4(00)\right.$ ] configuration changes gradually as well from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.17,-32^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=59 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.09,-47^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=87 / 2$.

Band $Q 8$ develops only at high spins and at rather high excitation energy. Its downsloping behavior at the highest spins in the $\left(E-E_{r l d}\right)-v s-I$ plane [Fig. 7(b)] indicates the occupation of high- $j$ neutron orbitals from above the $N=82$ spherical shell closure. The lowest CNS configuration with a downsloping behavior in the spin range of interest is $\left[5_{-} 3_{+}, 45_{+}(20)\right]$, involving two neutrons in the $\left(h_{9 / 2}, f_{7 / 2}\right)$ orbitals. The calculated deformation of the $\left[53_{-}, 45_{+}(20)\right]$ configuration changes gradually from $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.23,+17^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=65 / 2$ to $\left(\varepsilon_{2}, \gamma\right)=\left(0.20,+30^{\circ}\right)$ at $I=93 / 2$, thus higher than that of the other $Q$ bands.


FIG. 10: (Color online) The observed bands $Q 2-Q 10$ of ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ are provided relative to a rotating liquid drop reference (upper panel), and the corresponding calculated configurations are displayed relative to the same reference (middle panel). The difference between calculations and experiment are provided at the bottom. The same [7-1-, 43_( 00 )] configuration is assigned to bands $Q 2$ and $Q 3$, but with different triaxial deformation (see text). As the minima are very close in energy, only one curve is calculated and presented in the middle panel for this configuration.

## B. TAC-CDFT Calculations

As mentioned in the CNS calculations above, the dipole bands ( $D$ bands) are interpreted as signature doublet sequences, and the observed small signature splitting may well correspond to rotational motion about an axis that does not coincide with any of the principal axes of the nucleus; i.e., the actual rotational axis may be tilted. Thus, for a detailed and comprehensive description of these bands, one may need to perform tilted axis cranking (TAC) calculations. To this end, the recently developed tilted axis cranking covariant density functional theory (TAC-CDFT), which enables a description of rotational excitations on the basis of a well-determined covariant density functional [11, 12], was employed. Due to computational limitations, the calculations were performed for band D3 only, as an example of the power of the approach. In principle, detailed systematic calculations for all the dipole bands would be warranted but very timeconsuming; these will be presented in the future.

For band $D 3$, the point-coupling covariant density
functional PC-PK1 [32] was adopted in the particle-hole channel, while pairing correlations were neglected in the particle-particle channel. The Dirac equation for the nucleons is solved in a 3D cartesian harmonic oscillator basis with $N=10$ major shells. The self-consistent tilted axis cranking CDFT calculations were carried out based on the configuration $\pi\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{1}\left(2 d_{5 / 2}\right)^{1}\left(1 g_{7 / 2}\right)^{-2} \otimes$ $\nu\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{-3}(d s)^{-4}$. Note that, in this configuration, not all particles are considered to be active (unpaired), and the corresponding unpaired configuration should be written as $\pi\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{1}\left(2 d_{5 / 2}\right)^{1} \otimes \nu\left(h_{11 / 2}\right)^{-1}$. The calculated energy spectrum as a function of spin with this configuration is found in the upper panel of Fig. 11: the calculations are in good agreement with the band $D 3$ data. However, it is found that converged results are obtained mainly in the medium-spin part of the band, and the present configuration cannot be followed in either the very high-spin nor the low-spin part. The reason is illustrated in the lower panel of Fig. 11, where the experimental and calculated rotational frequency are compared as a function of the total angular momenta. The cal-
culated total angular momenta agree well with the data from $I=23 / 2 \hbar$ to $39 / 2 \hbar$ and the increase is almost linear with frequency. This indicates that the moment of inertia is nearly constant and well reproduced by the present calculations. However, the data indicate changes with frequency around both $I=23 / 2$ and $I=39 / 2$ and this is expected to correspond to a change in the associated configuration around these angular momentum values, a feature which remains to be explored.

It is worthwhile to mention that the calculated $B(M 1)$ transition probabilities increase along the band, although the shears angle, the angle between the vectors of the proton and neutron angular momenta, drops from around $\sim 70^{\circ}$ to $\sim 35^{\circ}$. Obviously, this feature is at odds with the usual feature expected for a magnetic rotation band, where the $B(M 1)$ values decrease as the shears angle close. Considering the fact that a substantial triaxial deformation $\gamma \sim 20^{\circ}$ is obtained in the calculation, the existence of the chiral geometry and/or chiral vibration cannot be excluded for this configuration. To this end, an investigation based on three-dimensional cranking calculation would be most welcome. In addition, it was pointed out in the recent investigation for the yrast band in ${ }^{135} \mathrm{Nd}$ [33] that the transition from electric rotation to chiral vibration may occur, and that the pairing correlations play an important role in orienting the rotation axis. The study of a similar mechanism in the present ${ }^{133} \mathrm{Ce}$ nucleus would be interesting for future investigations.


FIG. 11: (Color online) Calculated energy spectrum (upper panel) and frequency spectrum (lower panel) as a function of spin together with the data on band $D 3$.

## V. SUMMARY

High-spin states in ${ }^{133}$ Ce have been populated with the ${ }^{116} \mathrm{Cd}\left({ }^{22} \mathrm{Ne}, 5 n\right)$ reaction and the Gammasphere array. A rather complete level scheme was developed, confirming most of the information reported previously, but adding new bands of quadrupole and dipole character and, thus extending the level scheme up to very high spins. The observed bands were discussed using the CNS model and one dipole band was discussed within the framework of the TAC-CDFT approach. Possible configurations for the different bands were discussed. The global understanding of the observed bands adds strong support to the presence of pronounced triaxial deformation at medium and high spins, as well as signatures for rotation around different axes of the triaxial shape. The competition between assigned multiquasiparticle configurations are found to contribute to a rich diversity of collective phenomena in this nucleus.

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