Publisher's Note: Google matrix analysis of directed networks [Rev. Mod. Phys. 87, 1261 (2015)]

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(published 20 September 2016)

DOI: [10.1103/RevModPhys.88.039905](https://doi.org/10.1103/RevModPhys.88.039905)

This paper was published online on 2 November 2015 with an incomplete figure. Figure 3(a) has been replaced as of 17 August 2016. The figure is incorrect in the printed version of the journal; therefore, for the benefit of the print readership, the figure and its caption are replicated below.

FIG. 3. (a) Example of a simple network with directed links between five nodes. (b) Distribution of five nodes from (a) on the PageRank-CheiRank plane (K, K^*) , where the size of a node is proportional to the PageRank probability $P(K)$ and the color of a node is proportional to the CheiRank probability $P^*(K^*)$, with the maximum at gray (red) and the minimum at black (blue). The locations of the nodes of (a) on the (K_i, K_i^*) plane are (2,4), (1,3), (3,1), (4,2), and (5,5) for the original nodes $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$, and 5, respectively. PageRank and CheiRank vectors are computed from the Google matrices G and G^* shown in Fig. 4 at a damping factor $\alpha = 0.85$.