Errata

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance and Relaxation of ^{197}Au in Gold Metal and ^{109}Ag in Gold-Silver Alloys, ALBERT NARATH [Phys. Rev. **163**, 232 (1967)]. We have discovered a small (0.009%) error in our magnetic field calibration which was apparently caused by frozen oxygen in the liquid-helium bath during the NMR experiments on the metallic-silver reference. The corrected data are as follows:

$$\nu^{(109)}(\text{metal})/\nu^{(2)}=0.304715(6), \quad (3.1)$$

$$\nu^{(109)}(\text{metal})/H=0.199150(4) \text{ kHz/Oe}, \quad (3.4)$$

$$\nu^{(197)}(\text{metal})/H=0.074125(4) \text{ kHz/Oe}, \quad (3.6)$$

$$\mu^{(197)}(\text{metal})=+0.145864(8)\mu_N, \quad (3.7)$$

$$K^{(197)}=+1.65(2)\%. \quad (3.8)$$

We have also detected an error in Moriya's tabulated values of the $K(\alpha)$ function. The exchange-enhancement parameters (α) and fractional s characters (ξ) derived from the NMR data are therefore incorrect [A. Narath and H. T. Weaver, Phys. Rev. (to be published)].

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance and Relaxation in Iridium Metal: The Nuclear Magnetic Dipole Moments of ^{191}Ir and ^{193}Ir , ALBERT NARATH [Phys. Rev. **165**, 506 (1968)]. The correction to the metallic-silver reference ν/H ratio given in the preceding erratum leads to a 0.009% increase in the corresponding iridium ratios. The new values are

$$\nu^{(191)}/H=0.074133(18) \text{ kHz/Oe}, \quad (3.1)$$

$$\nu^{(193)}/H=0.080732(6) \text{ kHz/Oe}. \quad (3.2)$$

The correction is too small to affect the conclusions of the paper. In particular, the estimated Knight shift and nuclear magnetic dipole moments are unchanged within their respective uncertainties.

Figure 3 was inadvertently taken from our earlier work on gold [A. Narath, Phys. Rev. **163**, 232 (1967), Fig. 2]. The correct figure is reproduced below.